# **Idaho Progress Report**

# STATE ACTIONS PROTECTING PATIENTS IN THE EXCHANGE

#### **OVERVIEW**

States vary in terms of the patient-centeredness of their health insurance markets. While federal rules set minimum requirements for consumer protections, some states have acted to make their markets more patient-focused. This scorecard evaluates states based on five key areas that assess patient-friendliness of their insurance markets to promote policies that best protect patients.

#### **FIVE PATIENT-FOCUSED PRINCIPLES**

#### NON-DISCRIMINATION

To ensure cost sharing and other plan designs do not discriminate or impede access to care.

- No state action to limit discrimination.
- Three unique platinum offerings in the 2015 exchange.
- No state action on provider network requirements.
- The premium for the 2<sup>nd</sup> lowest cost silver plan is 9% lower in 2015 than it was in 2014.<sup>2</sup>

For non-discrimination metrics, relative to other states, Idaho is an



## **TRANSPARENCY**

To promote better consumer access to information about covered services and costs in exchange plans.

- Idaho's website allows consumers to filter plan options, and has links to plans' provider directories and formularies. The website also has a calculator to help patients estimate out-of-pocket spending amounts. However, the website lacks formulary and provider search tools.
- No state action regarding contracting requirements for plan information transparency.

For transparency metrics, relative to other states, Idaho is an



## **IDAHO HIGHLIGHTS**

For 2015, Idaho established a state-based exchange, called <u>Your Health Idaho</u>. In 2014, Idaho operated as a state-run exchange using the <u>HealthCare.gov</u> platform.

In the 2014 plan year, 76,100 ldahoans selected an exchange plan through HealthCare.gov. About 35% of Idaho residents who are eligible for exchange coverage enrolled in an exchange plan in 2014.1

Idaho has not expanded Medicaid.

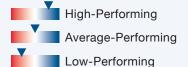
#### PROGRESS LEGEND

This report measures states using two methods of evaluation:

First, the report measures a state's performance on a series of metrics related to the five principles.

- Beneficial for Patients
- Neutral for Patients
- Negative for Patients

Second, the report compares a state's aggregate performance on all metrics within each principle to other states' performance on these same metrics.



#### STATE OVERSIGHT

To ensure all health insurance exchange plans meet applicable requirements.

- Passive purchasing—the state does not actively negotiate with plans to participate in the exchange.
- No state action regarding contracting requirements for exchange participation.
- Its effective rate review program allows the state to manage premium increases.<sup>3</sup>
- Five carriers in the 2015 exchange.

For state-oversight metrics, relative to other states, Idaho is an



#### UNIFORMITY

To create standards to make it easier for patients to understand and compare exchange plans.

- No state action to standardize benefit designs.
- Idaho does not currently have a quality rating system in place for the 2015 plan year, and there are no details available on plans to develop a quality rating system.
- No state action on standardized display of plan information.

For uniformity metrics, relative to other states, Idaho is a



#### **CONTINUITY OF CARE**

To broaden sources of coverage and protect patients transitioning between plans.

- No state action on continuity-of-care requirements.4
- Idaho has not expanded Medicaid, which would provide coverage for an estimated 86,000 people in the state.<sup>5</sup>

For continutity-of-care metrics, relative to other states, Idaho is a



# A MORE PATIENT-FOCUSED IDAHO MARKETPLACE

Idaho has achieved some success in fostering a patient-focused market, as they have taken several state actions, beyond the federal requirements, that better protect patients.

However, Idaho has not exercised its full authority to regulate the exchange to promote patient protections. Through legislative or other state action, Idaho could standardize plan benefit materials, and enhance transparency of plan documents. Idaho should also work to develop tools for patients to use on the website that increase transparency to better inform plan selection. Idaho also could take actions to establish continuity-ofcare requirements to help patients maintain access to care. Another critical step towards a patientfriendly health insurance market would be for Idaho to expand Medicaid. Expansion of Medicaid would provide health insurance for more than 86,000 Idahoans.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

Data by Avalere Health as of January 1, 2015. Avalere maintains a proprietary database of state policy developments for all 50 states and DC. Avalere also used key resources from publicly available websites, cited where applicable. Avalere conducted a focused review of state exchange insurance markets; this assessment is not intended to be a comprehensive review of state insurance markets. Avalere only included finalized actions established in the state, and did not include proposed measures or actions.

For definitions of key terms, see the National Health Council's Putting Patients First glossary.

- 1 Kaiser Family Foundation, "Estimated Number of Individuals Eligible for Financial Assistance through the Marketplaces," November, 2014, accessed via: <a href="http://kff.org/other/state-indicator/estimated-number-of-individuals-eligible-for-premium-tax-credits-through-the-marketplaces/">http://kff.org/other/state-indicator/estimated-number-of-individuals-eligible-for-premium-tax-credits-through-the-marketplaces/</a>
- 2 Kaiser Family Foundation, "Analysis of 2015 Premium Changes in the Affordable Care Act's Health Insurance Marketplaces," January 06, 2015, accessed via: <a href="http://kff.org/health-reform/issue-brief/analysis-of-2015-premium-changes-in-the-affordable-care-acts-health-insurance-marketplaces/">http://kff.org/health-reform/issue-brief/analysis-of-2015-premium-changes-in-the-affordable-care-acts-health-insurance-marketplaces/</a>
- 3 The Center for Consumer Information & Insurance Oversight, "State Effective Rate Review Programs," April 16, 2014, accessed via: http://www.cms.gov/CCIIO/Resources/Fact-Sheets-and-FAQs/rate\_review\_fact\_sheet.html
- 4 Families USA, "Standards for Health Insurance Provider Networks: Examples from the States," November 2014, accessed via: <a href="http://familiesusa.org/sites/default/files/product\_documents/ACT\_Network%20Adeguacy%20Brief">http://familiesusa.org/sites/default/files/product\_documents/ACT\_Network%20Adeguacy%20Brief</a> final web.pdf
- 5 Kaiser Family Foundation, "A Closer Look at the Impact of State Decisions Not to Expand Medicaid Coverage for Uninsured Adults," April 24, 2014, accessed via: <a href="http://kff.org/medicaid/fact-sheet/a-closer-look-at-the-impact-of-state-decisions-not-to-expand-medicaid-on-coverage-for-uninsured-adults/">http://kff.org/medicaid/fact-sheet/a-closer-look-at-the-impact-of-state-decisions-not-to-expand-medicaid-on-coverage-for-uninsured-adults/</a>

